# IES GROUP OF INSTITUTION BHOPAL 

SUBJECT: Maths
SEM $: 2^{\text {nd }}$

BRANCH: EX/CIVIL

SUB CODE: 104
SESSION : 2014-15

## Assignment-1

| 1 | Find standard deviation and coefficient of standard deviation of the following data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Marks | 6 | 7 | 8 |  | 9 |  | 10 |  | 11 | 12 |
|  | No. of students | 3 | 6 | 9 |  | 13 |  | 8 |  | 18 | 4 |
| 2 | Find the quartile deviation and coefficient of quartile deviation of the following data given below:$10,19,28,53,40,35,18,37,42,54,29$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Find the median of the following data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Income in rs. | 1-3 | 3-5 | 5-7 | 7-9 |  | 9-11 |  | 11-13 | 13-15 | 15-17 |
|  | No. of workers | 6 | 53 | 85 | 56 |  | 21 |  | 16 | 4 | 4 |
| 4 | If $A=\left[\begin{array}{ll}1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1\end{array}\right], B=\left[\begin{array}{ll}2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1\end{array}\right]$ and $C=\left[\begin{array}{cc}-1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1\end{array}\right]$ the prove that $A(B+C)=A B+A C$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Find the inverse of the following $A=\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 2 & -1 & 3\end{array}\right]$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

